

# CSP PROJECTS FROM THE SPANISH INDUSTRY

*Gonzalo Barrantes  
Director Energy Cluster of Extremadura*



## WHAT IS ENERGY CLUSTER OF EXTREMADURA?

- ◇ Non-profit bussiness association.
- ◇ Mission: To boost cooperation, comercial and technological.
- ◇ Development of the energy sector in Extremadura region..
- ◇ We pursue competitiveness increase, new business opportunities in strategic markets and launching of innovative R&D projects.



◇ WIDE GEOGRAPHIC AREA  
FOR INVESTMENT IN ENERGY

◇ LARGE HYDRAULIC CAPACITY

◇ HIGH LEVEL OF SOLAR  
RADIATION

NUCLEAR POWER: 16,089 GW / H = 25% NUCLEAR ENERGY IN SPAIN

HYDRAULICS: 2210 MW INSTALLED CAPACITY

CSP : 19 PROJECTS AND 950 MW RATED CAPACITY

PHOTOVOLTAIC: 300 MW INSTALLED AND 320 PROJECTS

WIND: 23 PROJECTS OF WIND FARMS AND 501 MW RATED CAPACITY

BIOMASS: 11 PROJECTS AND 150 MW RATED CAPACITY

BIOFUEL: 7 PROJECTS: 605,000 TONNES OF BIODIESEL AND 250,000 TONNES OF BIOETHANOL

## Solar Thermal Electric Technology in Spain: A success story of public support to R&TD

### ELEMENTS:

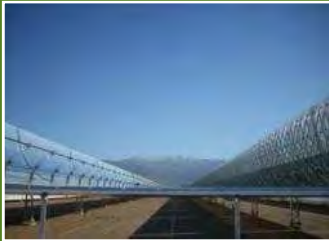
- Continuous support to R&TD since late 70's
- Specialized and highly qualified education in several Spanish Universities
- Active role of Research Centers
- International collaboration
- Feed in tariff system
- Dynamism of the companies

RESULT: **INTERNACIONAL LEADERSHIP**



## Types of STE Technologies

### Parabolic trough



- Uses parabolic mirrors to concentrate solar radiation on linear tube receiver.
- Provides heat storage capabilities
- Is a long-term, commercially proven technology.
- Has high maturity level, operational experience, modularity and large number of providers.

### Solar tower



- Concentrates solar radiation on a point receiver at the top of a tower.
- Enables operation at high temperature level and provides heat storage capabilities.
- Has high net solar to electrical efficiency and is a commercially proven technology

### Dish Stirling

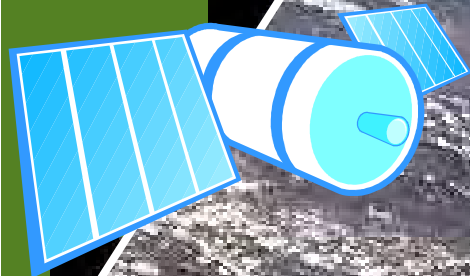


- Uses parabolic dish to concentrate solar radiation on a Stirling engine
- Has high net solar to electrical efficiency with low water consumption
- Is highly modular and suitable for both small stand-alone, decentralized off-grid power systems and large grid-connected power systems.

### Linear Fresnel



- Uses flat mirror design to concentrate sun, enabling simpler production and installation
- Enables other industrial uses such as steam processing.
- Has high land-to-electricity ratio due to linear design and the usability of space below support structure
- Provides heat storage capabilities.



## LOCALIZACIÓN DE CENTRALES TERMOSOLARES EN ESPAÑA

PROTERMO  
SOLAR

	Nombre	Localidad	Potencia MW	Fase	Provincia	Tecnología	
<b>OPERATIVAS</b>	PRIS	San Lúcar de Mayor	11	Fase 1	Sevilla	Torre y heliostatos	
	ANGARDA 1	Alcalá	50	Fase 1	Granada	Centrales parabólicas	
	PRIS	San Lúcar de Mayor	20	Fase 1	Sevilla	Torre y heliostatos	
	PUERTO LLANO ENERGÍA	Puertollano	50	Fase 1	Ciudad Real	Centrales parabólicas	
	PUERTO ARRADO 1	Chalchicomula	1,4	Fase 1	Madrid	Francol	
	LA TRINIDAD	Alcañete	30	Fase 1	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	ANGARDA 2	Alora	50	Fase 1	Granada	Centrales parabólicas	
	EXTRESOL 1	Torre de San Miguel Saeama	50	Fase 1	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	BOLNIVAY 1	San Lúcar de Mayor	50	Fase 1	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas	
	BOLNIVAY 2	San Lúcar de Mayor	50	Fase 1	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas	
	BOLNIVAY 3	San Lúcar de Mayor	50	Fase 1	Sevilla	Torre y heliostatos	
	OPTEMA SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA ALARQUEJA	Alarqueja	50	Fase 1	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	PL. TERMOLÉCTICA DE PALMA DEL RÍO	Palma del Río	50	Fase 1	Córdoba	Centrales parabólicas	
	<b>CONSTRUCCIÓN AVANZADA</b>	PUERTO ARRADO 2	Puerto Arrado	50	Fase 1	Madrid	Francol
		MIJARES 1	Málaga	50	Fase 1	Granada	Centrales parabólicas
		PL. TERMOLÉCTICA DE MALADAR	Maladars	50	Fase 1	Caceres	Centrales parabólicas
		PL. TERMOLÉCTICA DE PALMA DEL RÍO 2	Palma del Río	50	Fase 1	Córdoba	Centrales parabólicas
CENTRAL SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA DE LA LERENA		La Llerena	50	Fase 1	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
MANZANOL 1		Manzanol	50	Fase 1	Ciudad Real	Centrales parabólicas	
PLANTA TEBOLÉCTICA EXTRESOL 2		Torre de San Miguel Saeama	50	Fase 2	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
RESERVA 1		Quereña de Anzoátegui	11	Fase 2	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas	
RECHERREY 1		Sevilla	50	Fase 2	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas	
RECHERREY 2		Sevilla	50	Fase 2	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas	
SEVILLA 1		Sevilla	50	Fase 2	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas	
TERMOGOLAN		San José del Valle	50	Fase 2	León	Centrales parabólicas	
ORIENTACIÓN		San José del Valle	50	Fase 2	León	Centrales parabólicas	
PL. TERMOSOLAR HERRERA DE LOS FENOS		Herrera	1	Fase 2	Alicante	Discos parabólicos	
<b>PREASIGNADAS</b>		PL. SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA	Fuente Palmera	50	Fase 1	Córdoba	Centrales parabólicas
		C. TERMOSOLAR "LA AFRICANA"	Fuente Palmera	50	Fase 1	Córdoba	Centrales parabólicas
		PL. TERMOLÉCTICA DE CONSOL ORILLANA	Orillana	50	Fase 1	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas
	HERCULES 1	Puerto Llanos	50	Fase 1	Ciudad Real	Centrales parabólicas	
	HERCULES 2	Puerto Llanos	50	Fase 1	Ciudad Real	Centrales parabólicas	
	C. SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA "ASTE-1A"	Alcazar de San Juan	50	Fase 2	Ciudad Real	Centrales parabólicas	
	C. SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA "ASTE-1B"	Alcazar de San Juan	50	Fase 2	Ciudad Real	Centrales parabólicas	
	SOLACOR 1	El Campío	50	Fase 2	Córdoba	Centrales parabólicas	
	SOLACOR 2	El Campío	50	Fase 2	Córdoba	Centrales parabólicas	
	PL. TERMOSOLAR DE MORÓN	Morón de la Frontera	50	Fase 2	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas	
	MANZANOL 2	Manzanol	50	Fase 3	Ciudad Real	Centrales parabólicas	
	PL. TERMOSOLAR DE OLIVENZA 1	Olivenza	50	Fase 3	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	PL. TERMOSOLAR EXTRESOL -3	Torre de San Miguel Saeama	50	Fase 3	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	C. SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA "ARTEXXOL 2"	Radales	50	Fase 3	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	SOLAREN 1	Logroñán	50	Fase 3	Caceres	Centrales parabólicas	
	SOLAREN 2	Logroñán	50	Fase 3	Caceres	Centrales parabólicas	
	SOLAREN 3	Logroñán	50	Fase 3	Caceres	Centrales parabólicas	
	TERMOGOLAN 1	Navalcar de Palo	50	Fase 4	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	TERMOGOLAN 2	Navalcar de Palo	50	Fase 4	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	TERMOGOLAN BORGES, S.L.	Agüera Menquere	22	Fase 4	Lerida	Centrales parabólicas	
	EXTRESOL 3	Villaseca de la Serena	50	Fase 4	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	SOLAREN 4	Logroñán	50	Fase 4	Caceres	Centrales parabólicas	
	C. SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA CACÉRES	Colleto	50	Fase 4	Caceres	Centrales parabólicas	
	CASABLANCA	Murcia	50	Fase 4	Badajoz	Centrales parabólicas	
	C. SOLAR TERMOLÉCTICA ENERSTAR VILENA	Alcañete	50	Fase 4	Alicante	Centrales parabólicas	
	PL. TERMOSOLAR 8MW PUERTOLLANO	Puertollano	8	Fase 4	Ciudad Real	Discos parabólicos	
	PL. TERMOSOLAR 10MW PUERTOLLANO	Puertollano	10	Fase 4	Ciudad Real	Discos parabólicos	
	PL. TERMOSOLAR 10MW PUERTOLLANO	Puertollano	10	Fase 4	Ciudad Real	Discos parabólicos	
PL. TERMOSOLAR 10MW PUERTOLLANO	Puertollano	10	Fase 4	Ciudad Real	Discos parabólicos		
PL. TERMOSOLAR 10MW PUERTOLLANO	Puertollano	10	Fase 4	Ciudad Real	Discos parabólicos		
PL. TERMOSOLAR 10MW PUERTOLLANO	Puertollano	10	Fase 4	Ciudad Real	Discos parabólicos		
PL. TERMOSOLAR 14 MW PUERTOLLANO	Puertollano	12	Fase 4	Ciudad Real	Discos parabólicos		
ARENALES	Morón de la Frontera	50	Fase 4	Sevilla	Centrales parabólicas		

Total de Plantas 60

● Operativas ● Construcción avanzada ● Preasignadas





SOLNOVA 1, 3 and 4 & PS 10 and PS 20



ANDASOL 1  
and  
ANDASOL 2





EXTRESOL 1



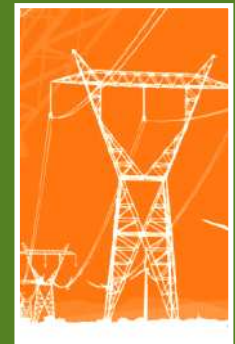
CTS Puertollano



LA RISCA, Alvarado



LA FLORIDA, Alvarado



PUERTO ERRADO 1



Villarrobledo

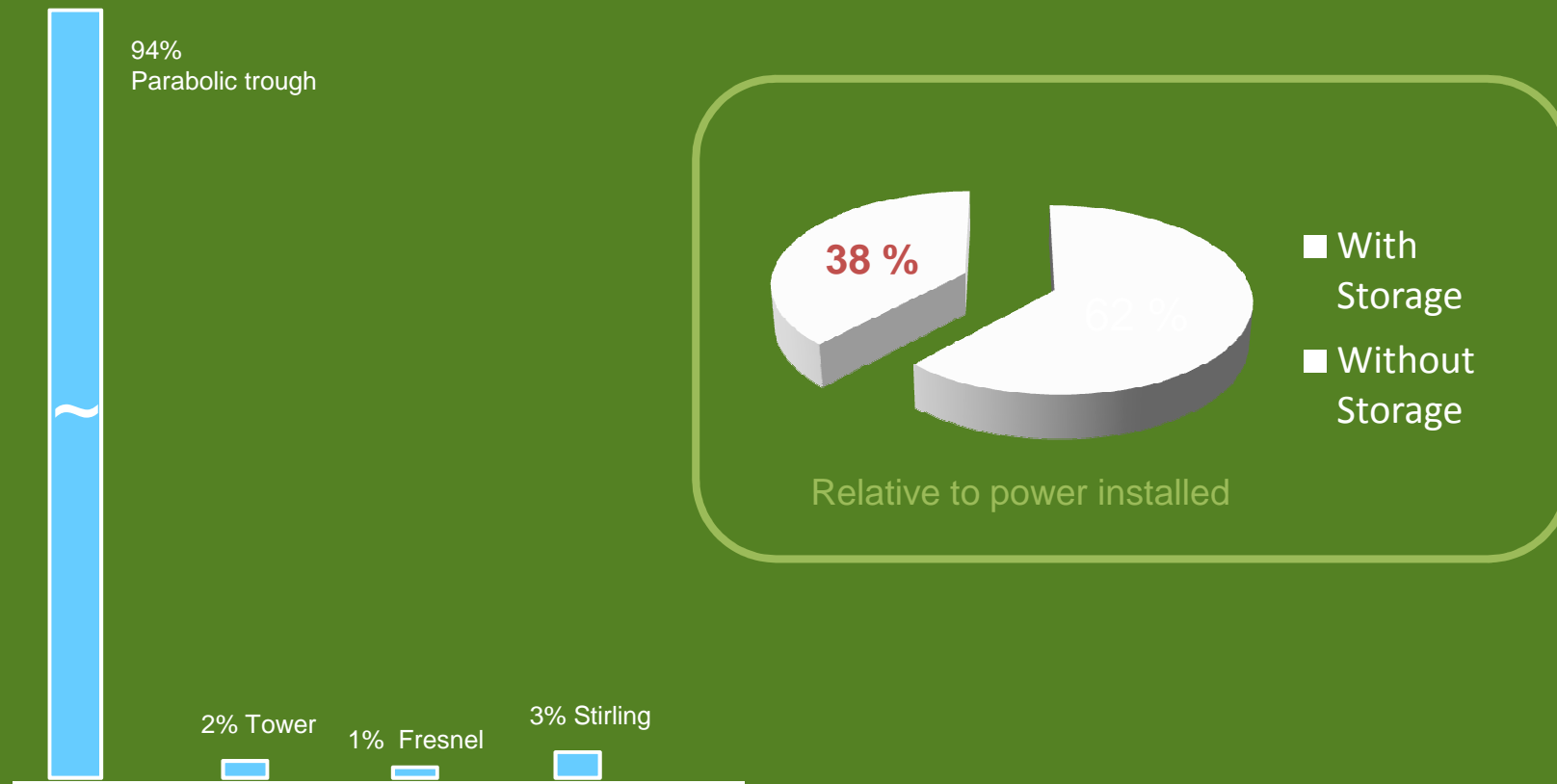




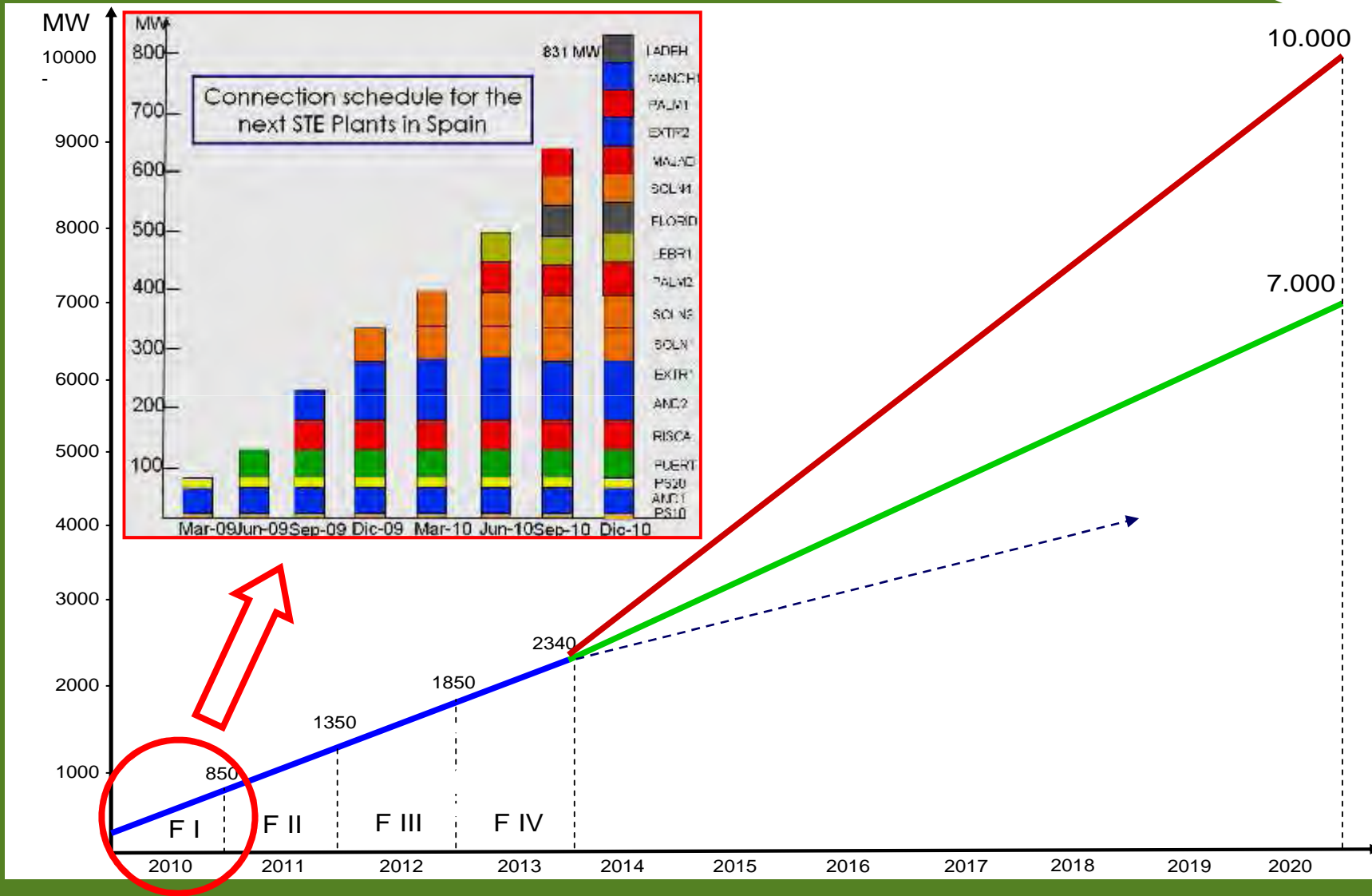
GEMASOLAR, Fuentes de Andalucía

## Breakdown of the operative, under construction and registered plants in Spain

Total: 2423 MW (In operation by the end of 2013)

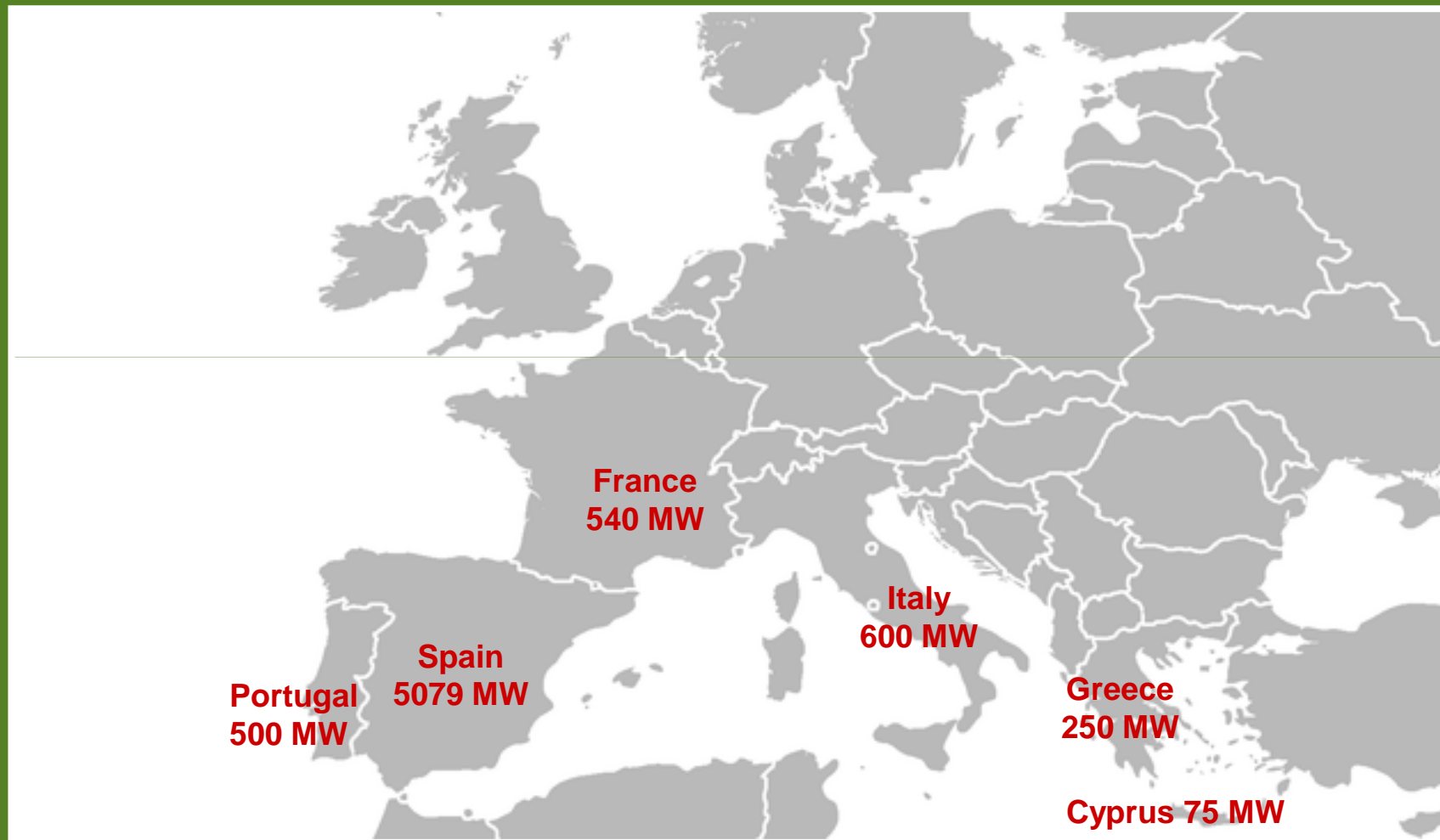


# Forecast for STE plants in Spain



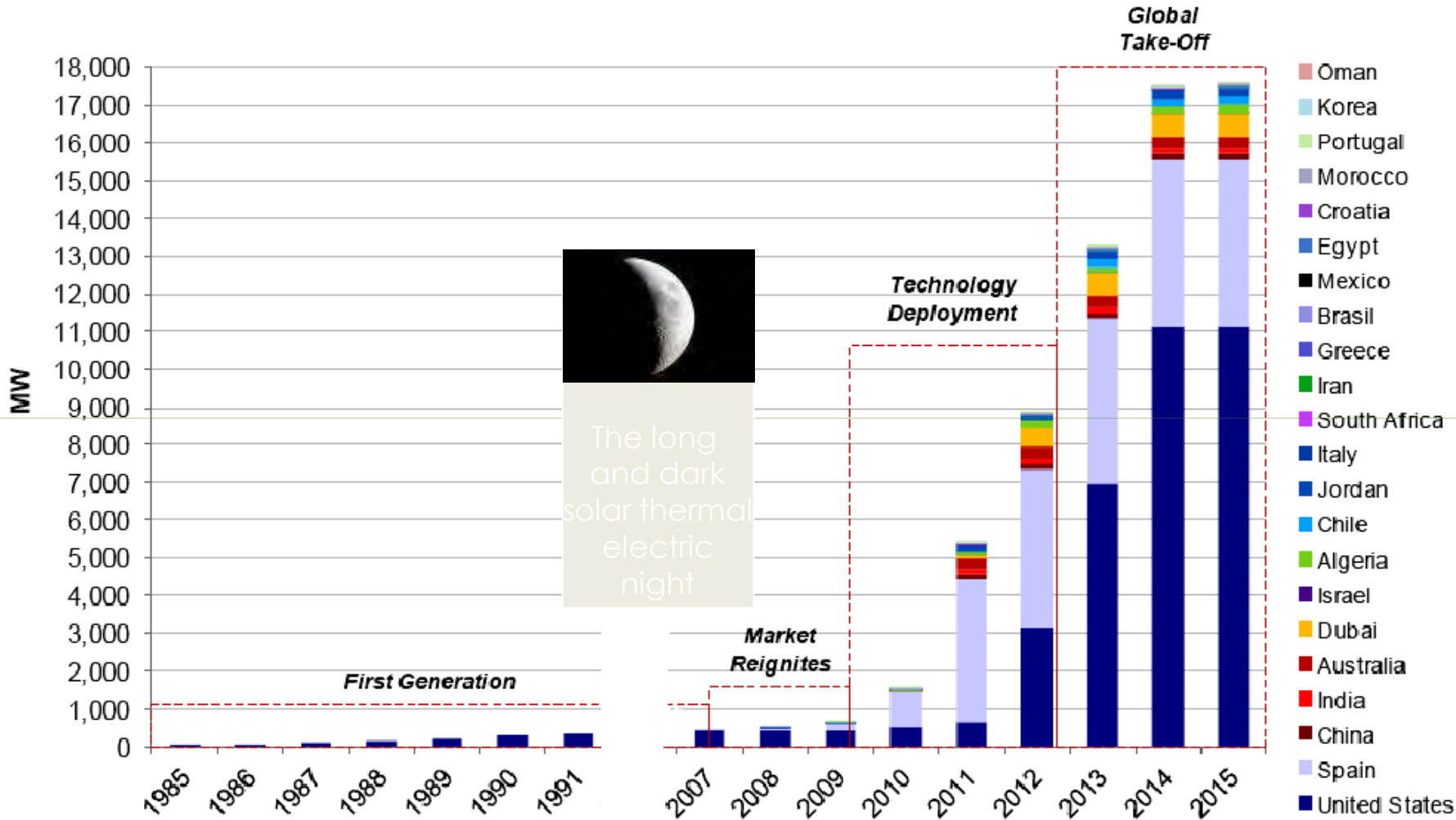
Source: PROTERMOSOLAR

## Forecast in European countries by 2020 (NAP's)



Source: PROTERMOSOLAR

# FORECAST BY COUNTRIES 2009-2015



Source: PROTERMOSOLAR

# Economic sectors

## 1. Promotion ( 22-36 months ,3-5 mill / €)

### 1.1. Land and Administrative treatment

- » Resource study, measurements. (2-3 years)
- » Agriculture (Sale or rental of land ,200-300 Ha / project)
- » Environmental studies and reports.
- » Engineering (water supply, access, stream diversions, discharges, discharge lines, plant setup ...)
- » Archaeological studies.
- » Environmental Impact Study (countervailing measures).
- » Attorneys (agreements, contracts, agreements ...) and Notaries
- » Electric Company

### 1.2. Municipalities (Finance, Tax)

### 1.3. Conventions (I + D + i)

- » University.
- » Research Centers.
- » Municipality and autonomous region

# Economic sectors

## 2. Financing

- » Banks
- » Investors (investment funds, institutional investors ...)
- » Legal advisor
- » Technical Advisor
- » Insurance Consultant
- » Insurance Companies

# Economic sectors

## 3. Construction (24-30 months, 70-450 workers)

### 3.1. Directly on the ground .

- » Earthmoving.
- » Civil works.
- » Assembly of the metal structures.
- » Engineering.
- » Machinery (exchangers, boilers, turbines, pipe receivers ...).
- » Water, salt and hot oil.
- » Electrical (lines, substations ...)
- » Isolates.
- » Transportation.
- » Insurance.



### 3.2. Indirectly on the ground

- » Services (cleaning, catering, hotel ...)
- » Transportation.
- » Surveillance.



# Economic sectors

## 4. Exploitation (40-50 workers, 20-30 indirect)

### 4.1. Directly on the ground

- » Operation & maintenance.
- » Forecasting resource.
- » R + D + i.
- » Supply.
- » Parts.
- » Partial maintenance contracts.
- » Office and administration.
- » Relationship institutions.
- » Energy marketing agent
- » Network Operator
- » Electric Company

# Investment and electricity generation

*(The investment required depends on site characteristics and technology.)*

## The investment for a plant tower receiver system with molten salt storage:

- ❖ Annual insolation (RDN): 2,700 kWh / m<sup>2</sup> - 2,000 kWh / m<sup>2</sup>
- ❖ Power: 50 - 60 Mwe
- ❖ Storage: 10 - 18 hours
- ❖ Net Production: 180 to 220 GWh / year
- ❖ INVESTMENT: 300 - 350 M €

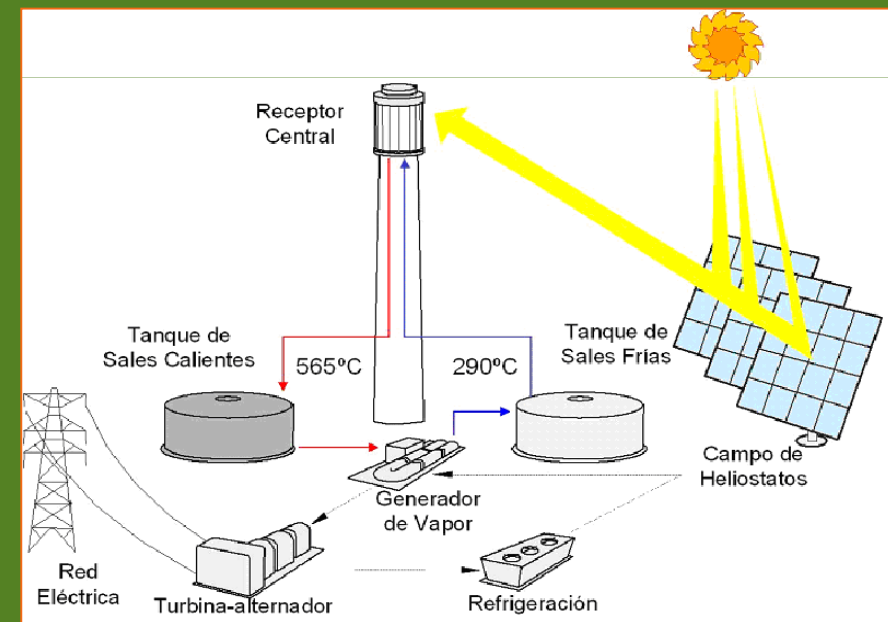
solar field 45%

Receiving system 15%

Storage System 9%

Steam generation system 7%

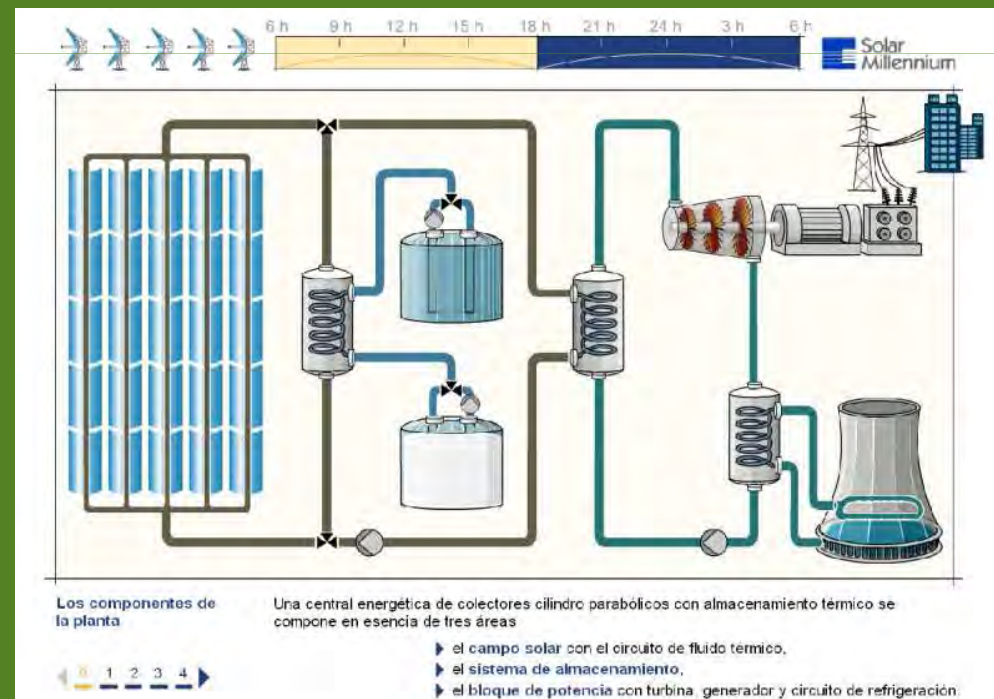
Power generation system 24%



Source: Torresol Energy

## Investment and electricity generation for parabolic trough collectors system with molten salt storage:

- ❖ Annual insolation (RDN): 2,700 kWh / m<sup>2</sup> - 2,000 kWh / m<sup>2</sup>
- ❖ Power: 49,9 Mwe
- ❖ Storage: 7 - 8 hours (1.000MWh)
- ❖ Net Production: 160 GWh / year
- ❖ INVESTMENT: 300 M €
- ❖ CONSTRUCTION 2 YEARS



## ❖ Solar field : 30%

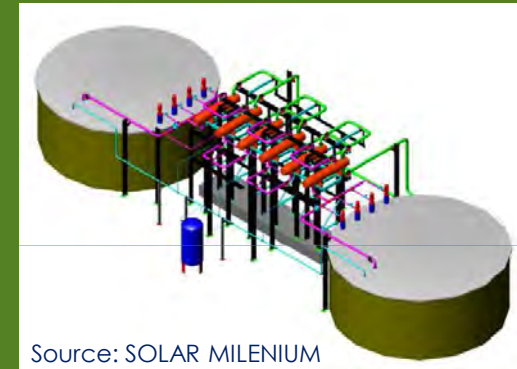
- ❖ 220 ha, 230.000 mirrors( 550.000m<sup>2</sup>), corresponds to nominal thermal output 300MWt.
- ❖ 25.000 absorber tubes (100 km), 2.8 million litres of thermal fluid (298°C-393°C).
- ❖ 2 expansion tanks and an overflow tank of thermal fluid , 3 pumps (2+1 back-up) 70.500 l/min.
- ❖ 3 natural gas auxiliary boilers 15 MW, solar fiel instrumentation and control.

## ❖ Power block: 30%

- ❖ Steam generation system and feedwater preheater ( 2 lines 60,4 kg/s of steam at 380°C, 105bar)
- ❖ The Rankine cycle steam turbine 50MW (3 phases, 15 kV, 50Hz)
- ❖ Condenser cooled by water from the cooling tower in an open circuit (84.000KW, 140 t/h)

## ❖ Storage System : 20%

- ❖ 2 steel tanks of 38,5 m in diameter and 14 m in height.
- ❖ 30.000 t of salt provide a storage capacity of 1.000 MWh of thermal energy.
- ❖ Each tank 3 vertical pumps for the transfer of salt (550 m<sup>3</sup>/h), 3 heat exchangers(292°-386°)



## ❖ Auxiliary Facilities: 20%

- ❖ Water treatment system of providing water for all the systems at the plant( 325m<sup>3</sup>/h)
- ❖ Auxiliary steam system (1.000kg/h, 10 bar, 255°C)
- ❖ Electrical Equipment to transmsion of electrical energy from the generator to the main transformer (current 3.500<sup>a</sup>, isolation voltage of 17,5 kV)
- ❖ Control system ( Solar field, Steam turbine and the elements that make up the Power block).

# Economical development through job creation

	Local conten	Foreign share	Local manpower demand	
Project development	0-10%	90-100%	6-20 MY	(2 years)
Engineerring planning	30-50%	50-70%	75-95 MY	
Technology (procurement)	30-60%	40-70%	145-220 MY	
Construction and site improvement	100%	0%	320 MY	
Operations and maintenance	90-100%	0-10%	40-45 FTE	Permanet jobs

Notes: 1 MY( man year) equals 1760 man hours; FTE estándar for full-time equivalent, the reference a 100-MW plant installation.

## MODULAR CSP PLANT 100Kwe, 170 Kwt

Modular operation in 100kW units.

It does not need water (except the one necessary for cleaning).

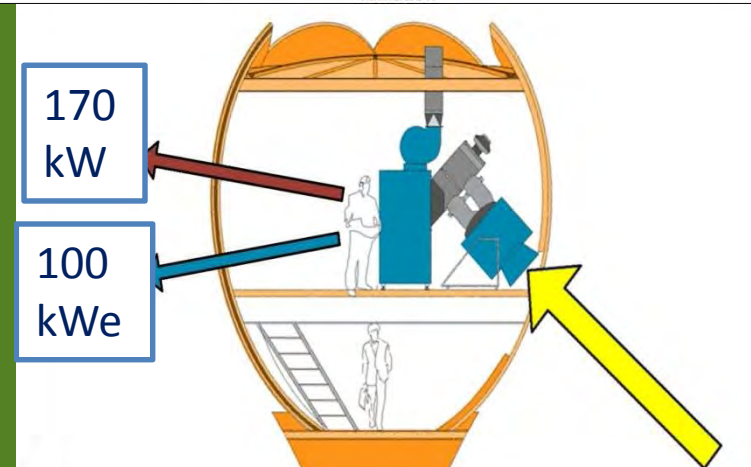
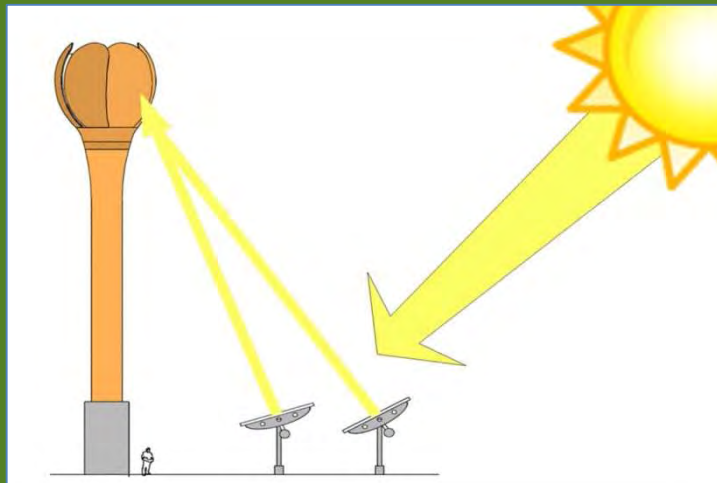
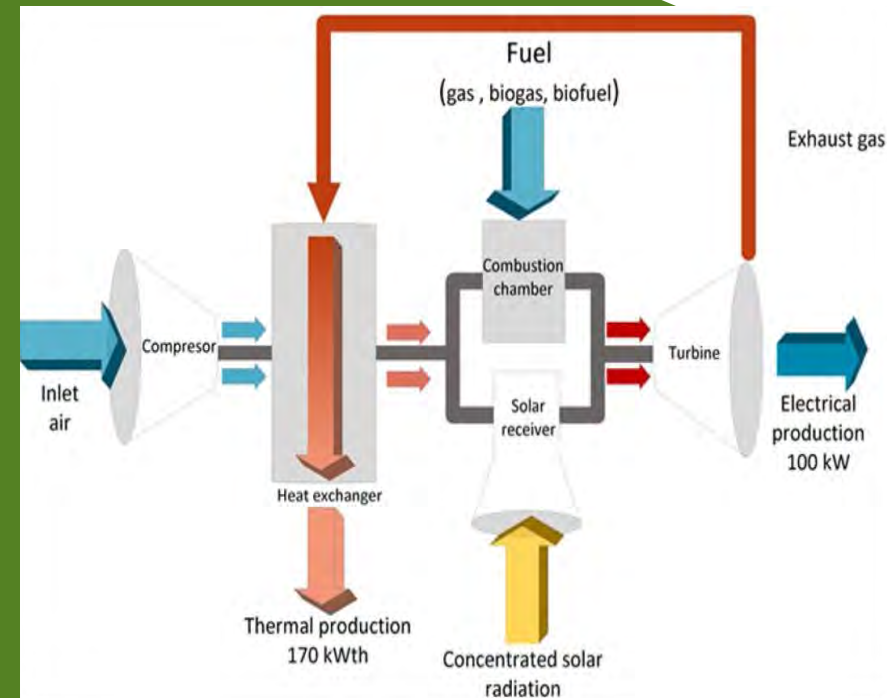
Hybrid working : biogas,biomass, fuel, etc.

Usage of the surplus thermal power in a variety processes.



## The turbine's inner process is the following:

- The air is compressed and partially heated in the turbine. Then, the pre-heated compressed air is circulated through the solar receiver where is reheated to very high temperatures thanks to the concentrated solar radiation from the heliostats field.
- The air is finally used by the hybrid turbine to produce electrical energy (100 kW) and thermal energy (170 kW).
- When there is not enough sun radiation, the turbine will work with any fuel such as gas, biogas, biodiesel and ordinary fuel.





# Investment

## 100 kW MODULAR UNIT COST

### SINGLE UNIT'S COMPONENTS

Solar Field

Tower

Solar Receiver

Hybrid Solar-fuel Turbine

Solar Field

Construction: Two month

**COST**                      **500.000€ (\*)**

(\*) Installation cost in Spain

Source: [www.porasolar.es](http://www.porasolar.es)

# Greenhouse Application

